

Town of Gramercy

2009 Financial Statements

Under provisions of state law, this report is a public document. A copy of the report has been submitted to the entity and other appropriate public officials. The report is available for public inspection at the Baton Rouge office of the Legislative Auditor and, where appropriate, at the office of the parish clerk of court.

Release Date 1/20/10

TOWN OF GRAMERCY, LOUISIANA FINANCIAL REPORT JUNE 30, 2009

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www.pncpa.com INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen Town of Gramercy, Louisiana

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Gramercy (the Town), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Town's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town, as of June 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information on pages 13 through 19 and 45 through 48 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated November 30, 2009, on our consideration of the Town of Gramercy's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be considered in conjunction with this report in considering the results of our audit.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplementary information on pages 49 through 52 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The other supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The information included in the performance and statistical data on pages 53 through 56 has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Donaldsonville, Louisiana November 30, 2009

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen Town of Gramercy, Louisiana

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Town of Gramercy, Louisiana, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the Town of Gramercy, Louisiana's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 30, 2009. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Town of Gramercy's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Gramercy, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Gramercy, Louisiana's internal control over financial reporting.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we identified certain deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the Town of Gramercy, Louisiana's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the Town of Gramercy, Louisiana's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the Town of Gramercy, Louisiana's internal control. We consider the deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs to be significant deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting. [09-01, 09-02]

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the Town of Gramercy, Louisiana's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in the internal control that might be significant deficiencies and accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all significant deficiencies that are also considered to be material weaknesses. We considered the significant deficiencies described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs to be material weaknesses. [09-02]

Compliance and other matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Gramercy's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, noncompliance with which could have had a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not the objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended for the information of the Board of Aldermen, management of the Town of Gramercy, and the Legislative Auditor of the State of Louisiana and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as a public document.

Donaldsonville, Louisiana November 30, 2009

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REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WIH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of the Board of Aldermen Town of Gramercy, Louisiana

Compliance

We have audited the compliance of the Town of Gramercy with the types of compliance requirements described in the U. S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2009. The Town of Gramercy's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of the Town of Gramercy's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Town of Gramercy's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Governmental Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Town of Gramercy's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Town of Gramercy's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion the Town of Gramercy complied, in all material respects with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2009.

Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of The Town of Gramercy is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Town of Gramercy's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Gramercy's internal control over compliance.

A control deficiency in an entity's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to administer a federal program such that there is a more than a remote likelihood that noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of noncompliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of the internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

The Town of Gramercy's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit the Town of Gramercy's response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

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We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of The Town of Gramercy as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, and have issued our report thereon dated November 30, 2009. Our audit was performed for the purpose of forming our opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Gramercy's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by OMB Circular A-133 and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, others within the organization, and federal awarding agencies and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. Under Louisiana Revised Statute 24:513, this report is distributed by the Legislative Auditor as public document.

Donaldsonville, LA November 30, 2009



TOWN OF GRAMERCY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/Program Title	Federal CFDA Number	Agency or Pass-through Number	_	ederal enditures
UNITED STATES ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY				
Water Treatment Plant Improvements	66.606	XP-9695601-0	\$	51,802
DELTA REGIONAL AUTHORITY Delta Local Development District Assistance DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY	90.202	LA-2909		5,135
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially declared)	97.036 97.036	1603-Hurricane Katrina 1786-Hurricane Gustav	_	358,294 189,012 547,306
DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT LCDBG Grant	14.228			214,930
Total			<u>\$</u>	819,173

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

A. SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

- (1) The auditors' report expressed an unqualified opinion on the financial statements of the Town of Gramercy, Louisiana as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009.
- (2) There were two significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the financial statements reported at section B in this schedule. One condition [09-02] is considered a material weakness.
- (3) No instances of noncompliance relating to the financial statements of the Town of Gramercy, Louisiana were disclosed during the audit.
- (4) There were no significant deficiencies disclosed during the audit of internal controls over major federal awards.
- (5) The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs for the Town of Gramercy expresses an unqualified opinion on all major federal programs.
- (6) The program tested as major program included: Disaster Grants Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters).
- (7) The threshold used for distinguishing between Type A and B programs was \$300,000.
- (8) The Town of Gramercy is considered a high-risk auditee.

B. FINDINGS-FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES

09-01 Documentation and Design of Internal Control

Condition — Management should improve its documentation of the components of internal control (including control environment, entity's risk, information and communication systems, control activities, and monitoring). In addition, there is inadequate design of internal control over the preparation of the financial statements being audited.

Criteria- Internal control procedures should be adequately designed and documented.

Effect – Significant journal entries were proposed to allow the financial statements to accurately reflect the Town's operations.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES (cont'd)

09-01 Documentation and Design of Internal Control (cont'd)

Recommendation – Small businesses with few employees in an accounting department typically have difficulty with establishing formal internal control procedures. Although this is not a valid reason for the lack of documentation, cost effectiveness certainly needs to be considered. We suggest that management identify and document its financial statement risk and set up controls to mitigate this risk.

Management's response – We concur with the finding. We will document the required components of internal control and establish procedures for the preparation of audited financial statements.

MATERIAL WEAKNESS

09-02 Segregation of Duties

Condition: There is inadequate segregation of duties within the Town's accounting department. As a result of this weakness, the following has occurred:

Personnel authorized to sign checks also reconciles the bank statement on a monthly basis.

In addition, certain procedures that could help to mitigate this weakness are currently not being performed. Those procedures could include but are not limited to the following:

• A review of non-routine transactions over the period-end financial reporting process.

Criteria: Segregation of duties should be adequate within the Town's accounting department to provide effective internal control.

Effect: The segregation of duties is inadequate to provide effective internal control.

Recommendation: Understanding that the Town's size may make it unfeasible to adequately staff an accounting department sufficient to segregate duties, we recommend that management consider the following:

◆ During preparation of monthly financial statements, management should review all journal entries necessary for the complete and accurate presentation of these statements.

Management's Response: We concur with the finding and will review period end journal entries.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

COMPLIANCE WITH LAWS AND REGULATIONS None

C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance (Presidentially Declared Disasters)

NONE

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDING YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES

08-01 Documentation and Design of Internal Control

Condition: Management should improve its documentation of the components of internal control (including control environment, entity's risk, information and communication systems, control activities, and monitoring). In addition, there is inadequate design of internal control over the preparation of the financial statements being audited.

Recommendation: Small businesses with few employees in an accounting department typically have difficulty with establishing formal internal control procedures. Although this is not a valid reason for the lack of documentation, cost effectiveness certainly needs to be considered. We suggest that management identify and document its financial statement risk and set up controls to mitigate this risk.

Current Status: A similar finding was noted in the current year audit.

MATERIAL WEAKNESS

08-02 Segregation of Duties

Condition: There is inadequate segregation of duties within the Town's accounting department. As a result of this weakness, the following has occurred:

Personnel authorized to sign checks also reconciles the bank statement on a monthly basis.

In addition, certain procedures that could help to mitigate this weakness are currently not being performed. Those procedures could include but are not limited to the following:

♦ A review of non-routine transactions over the period-end financial reporting process.

Recommendation: Understanding that the Town's size may make it unfeasible to adequately staff an accounting department sufficient to segregate duties, we recommend that management consider the following:

 During preparation of monthly financial statements, management should review all journal entries necessary for the complete and accurate presentation of these statements.

Current Status: A similar finding was noted in the current year audit.

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDING YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

None

FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARD PROGRAMS AUDIT

UNITED STATES ENVIORNMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY

08-3 Town of Gramercy Water Improvements

Condition - Form 269, Annual Financial Status Report, and Form 272, Federal Cash Transactions Report, were not submitted to the EPA.

Recommendation — The preparation of these reports should be monitored by the management of Town of Gramercy to ensure that the grant administrator submits the required reports on a timely basis.

Current Status - No similar findings in the current year.

MANAGEMENTS DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2008

This section of Town's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the Town's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2009.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The Town's combined total net assets increased by \$1,227,439 over the course of this year's operations. Net assets of our governmental activities increased approximately \$543,089 (or 15.29%) and increased \$684,350 (or 20.19%) in the net assets of our business-type activities.
- During the year, the Town's expenses were \$543,089 less than the \$2.2 million generated in charges for services, taxes, and other revenue. In the Town's business-type activities expenses were \$684,350 less than the \$1,469,008 generated in revenues.
- The general fund reported a \$2,389,386 fund balance for the year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of four parts—management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, required supplementary information, and an optional section that presents combining statements for nonmajor governmental funds. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the Town:

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the Town's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the Town government, reporting the Town's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
 - The governmental funds statements tell how general government services like public safety were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
 - Proprietary fund statements offer short and long-term financial information about the activities the government operates like businesses, such as water and sewer system.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another. In addition to these required elements, we have included a section with combining statements that provide details about our nonmajor governmental funds, which are added together and presented in single columns in the basic financial statements.

Figure A-1 summarizes the major features of the Town's financial statements, including the portion of the Town's government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure of contents of each of the statements.

MANAGEMENTS DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2008

	Major Features of Town's	Figure A-1 s Government and Fund Finance	cial Statements
		Fund Statements	
	Government-wide Statements	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds
Scope	Entire Town government (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the Town that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as police, fire, and streets	Activities the Town operates similar to private businesses: the water and sewer system
Required financial statements	Statement of net assets Statement of activities	Balance Sheet Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances	 Statement of net assets Statement of revenues, expense, and changes in net assets Statement of cash flows
Accounting basis and measurements focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long- term
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payments is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

MANAGEMENTS DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2008

Government-wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the Town as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net assets includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the Town's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets—the difference between the Town's assets and liabilities—is one way to measure the Town's financial health, or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the Town's net assets are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the Town you need to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the Town's property tax base and the condition of the Town's roads.

The government-wide financial statements of the Town are divided into two categories:

- Governmental activities—most of the Town's basic services are included here, such as the police, fire, public
 works, parks department, and general administration. Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise fees and interest
 finance most of these activities.
- Business-type activities—The Town charges fees to customers to help it cover the costs of certain services it provides. The Town's water and sewer system are included here.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Town's most significant funds—not the Town as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the Town uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.

MANAGEMENTS DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2008

The Town has two kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds—Most of the Town's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Town's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statement, or on the subsequent page, that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Proprietary funds—Services for which the Town charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long-and short-term financial information.
 - In fact, the Town's enterprise funds (one type of proprietary fund) are the same as its business-type activities, but provide more detail and additional information, such as each flows.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN AS A WHOLE

Net assets. The Town's combined net assets increased between fiscal years 2008 and 2009 to approximately \$8.17 million. (See Table A-1.)

	Table A-1								
	Town's Net Assets								
	Govern	mental	Business-						
	Activ	ities	Activit	ies					
	2009	2008	2009	2008					
Current and other assets	\$ 2,756,890	\$ 2,399,743	\$ 1,219,136	\$ 988,962					
Capital assets	1,672,590	1,382,122	3,976,666	3,819,181					
Total assets	4,429,480	3,781,865	5,195,802	4,808,143					
Current liabilities	283,128	142,236	269,147	381,838					
Long term Liabilities	52,064	88,430	852,000	1,036,000					
Total liabilities	335,192	230,666	1,121,147	1,417,838					
Net assets									
Invested in capital assets,									
Net of related debt	1,612,590	1,292,122	2,953,666	2,629,181					
Reserved for debt service	-	-	354,931	288,369					
Unrestricted (deficit)	2,481,698	2,259,077	766,058	472,755					
Total net assets	\$ 4,094,288	\$ 3,551,199	\$4,074,655	\$3,390,305					

Net assets of the Town's governmental activities increased 15.29 percent to approximately \$4 million. Net assets of the Town's business-type activities increased approximately 20.19% to \$4 million.

MANAGEMENTS DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2008

Changes in net assets. The Town's total revenues increased by approximately \$344,000 to \$3.72 million (See Table A-2.) Approximately 32 percent of the Town's revenue comes from charges for services, and 22.67 percent comes from tax collections.

The total cost of all programs and services increased approximately \$68,000 or 6.1 percent. The Town's expenses cover all services performed by its office.

Governmental Activities

Revenues for the Town's governmental activities increased 20.34 percent, while total expenses increased approximately \$182,000 or 13.61%.

	Table A-2 Changes in Town's Net Assets						
	Governmen	tal Activities	Business-Typ	e Activities			
	2009	2008	2009	2008			
Revenues				1			
Program revenues							
Charges for services	\$ 305,196	\$ 267,930	\$ 883,870	\$ 852,785			
Operating grants	214,930	-	-	520,578			
General revenues		1		1			
Taxes	731,300	735,053	111,114	113,112			
Licenses and permits	183,730	164,127	-	T			
Federal Grants	157,309		446,934				
Intergovernmental	455,095	415,665	-	<u> </u>			
Miscellaneous	199,430	284,355	27,090	18,805			
Total revenues	2,246,990	1,867,130	1,469,008	1,505,280			
Expenses							
General government	386,477	361,201	967,662	899,732			
Public safety	476,384	399,702	-	-			
Streets	436,583	378,527	-	<u> </u>			
Fire	4,552	4,456	-	-			
Sanitation	212,446	189,160	_	-			
Debt service expenditures:							
Principal retirement	-	-	-	-			
Interest	4,455	5,693	-				
Total expenses	1,520,897	1,338,739	967,662	899,732			
Excess (deficiency) before transfers	726,093	528,391	501,346	605,548			
Transfers	(183,004)	53,039	183,004	(53,039)			
Increase (decrease) in net assets	\$ 543,089	\$ 581,430	\$ 684,350	\$ 552,509			

Business-type Activities

Revenues decreased slightly by 2.4 percent to \$1,469,008 before transfers and expenses of the Town's business-type activities decreased 11.22 percent to \$967,662.

MANAGEMENTS DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2008

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE TOWN'S FUNDS

As the Town completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of approximately \$2.5 million, increase of 10.11 percent from last year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the Town Council revised the Town budget. These budget amendments were resulted from:

- Sales tax, garbage fees and other revenues were increased by \$20,000, 15,000 and \$149,900; respectively.
- LCDBG budget was amended to reflect actual grant revenues received.
- Increases in appropriations to public safety were made to prevent budget overruns for salaries.
 General government was adjusted to reflect a decrease in budgeted expenditures due to decreases in insurance and supplies and maintenance expenses.

CAPITAL ASSETS

At the end of 2009, the Town had invested approximately \$5.64 million in a broad range of capital assets, including police equipment, buildings, vehicles, and water and sewer systems. (See Table A-3) This amount represents a net increase (including additions and deductions) of approximately \$447,000, or 8.61 percent, over last year.

				Tabl Town's Ca (net of de				
	Governmental Activities				Business Activities			rities
		2009		2008		2009		2008
Land	\$	87,520	\$	87,520	\$	76,825	\$	76,825
Plant & Equipment		-	1	•	3	,899,841		3,742,356
Buildings		55,818		65,996				-
Other Improvements	1	,341,850]]	,074,742		-		-
Equipment		187,402		153,864		- 1		-
Total	\$ 1	,672,590	\$ 1	,382,122	\$	3,976,666	5	3,819,181

This year's major capital asset addition included:

- Purchase of backhoe for streets department costing \$35,000.
- LGAP and LCDBG road improvements totaling \$141,366 and \$214,930, respectively.
- Water plant capital expenditures includes a Raw Water Intake System, Ground Storage Tank and the Water plant back-up Generator totaling, \$326,126, \$487,015, and \$77,487, respectively.

MANAGEMENTS DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS June 30, 2008

CAPITAL ASSETS - continued

Major disposals included:

- Disposal of Backhoe totaling \$37,000 from the general fund streets department.
- Disposal of Police Cars totaling \$26,456.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The Town's major sources of revenue for the general fund are comprised from sales tax, garbage fees, and video poker by 26%, 10% and 18% respectively. The economy is not expected to generate any significant growth. Revenue increases are expected in the public utility revenue fund as a result of the effects of the increase in the rate schedule. All expenditures are expected to be consistent with the current years.

CONTACTING THE TOWN'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to demonstrate the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Mrs. Lydia Louque, Town Clerk, PO Drawer 340, Gramercy, LA 70052.

TOWN OF GRAMERCY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2009

		vernmental Activities	Business-type Activities		Total
ASSETS		<u>-</u>			
Cash	\$	1,484,828	\$	55,574	\$ 1,540,402
Certificates of deposit		755,000		553,101	1,308,101
Other accounts receivable (net)		357,279		175 ,776	533,055
Due from other governmental agencies		94,302		-	94,302
Prepaid insurance		65,481		-	65,48 1
Other assets		•		10,958	10,958
Restricted assets		-		423,727	423,727
Capital assets:					
Land		87,520		76,825	164,345
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		1,585,070		3,899,841	 5,484,911
Total capital assets	_	1,672,590		3,976,666	 5,649,256
TOTAL ASSETS		4,429,480		5,195,802	 9,625,282
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable	\$	9,914	\$	6,987	\$ 16,901
Capital lease payable	•	7,828		-	7,828
Other current liabilities		215,983		72,355	288,338
Payroll taxes payable		9,240		-	9,240
Due to employees' retirement systems		10,163		-	10,163
General obligation bonds due within one year		30,000		61,000	91,000
Accrued interest payable		, <u>-</u>		11,216	11,216
Accrued salaries payable				4,546	4,546
Payable from restricted assets:				•	•
Revenue bonds payable due within one year		-		110,000	110,000
Accrued interest payable		-		3,043	3,043
Long-term liabilities:				ŕ	
Compensated absences		22,064		-	22,064
General obligation bonds		30,000		492,000	522,000
Revenue bonds payable		-		360,000	360,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES		335,192		1,121,147	 1,456,339
NET ASSETS					
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		1,612,590		2,953,666	4,566,256
Reserved for revenue bond debt service		-		360,684	360,684
Unreserved fund balance		2,481,698		760,305	3,242,003
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$	4,094,288	\$	4,074,655	\$ 8,168,943

TOWN OF GRAMERCY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

		Program				.	
		_	Revenues		Net (Expense) Changes in		
	r		s, Fines, and Charges for	Operating		Business-Type	
_	Expenses		Services .	Grants	Activities	Activities	Total
ACTIVITIES	,		-				
<u>activities</u>							
Governmental:							
General government	386,477	\$	-	s -	\$ (386,477)		\$ (386,477)
Streets	436,583		_	214,930	(221,653)		(221,653)
Public safety	476,384		73,047	-	(403,337)		(403,337)
Sanitation	212,446		232,149	•	19,703		19,703
Fire	4,552		_	-	(4,552)		(4,552)
Debt service expenditures:							
Interest	4,455		-	-	(4,455)		(4,455)
Total governmental activities	1,520,897	_	305,196	214,930	(1,000,771)		(1,000,771)
Business-type:							
Enterprise	967,662		883,870	-		(83,792)	(83,792)
Total business-type activities	967,662		883,870			(83,792)	(83,792)
Total Town of Gramercy	\$ 2,488,559	\$	1,189,066	\$ 214,930	\$ (1,000,771)	\$ (83,792)	\$ (1,084,563)
	General Revenues:						
	Taxes				731,300	111,114	842,414
	Licenses and per	nits			183,730	,	183,730
	Federal Grants				157,309	446,934	604,243
	Intergovernments	1			455,095	• ,	455,095
	Miscellaneous	-			199,430	22,695	222,125
	Interest					4,395	4,395
	Transfers				(183,004)	183,004	· -
	Total general re	venu	es and transfer	8	1,543,860	768,142	2,312,002
	Change in net assets	ī			543,089	684,350	1,227,439
2	Net assets - July 1, 2	008			3,551,199	3,390,305	6,941,504
:	Net assets - June 30,	2009	•		\$ 4,094,288	\$ 4,074,655	\$ 8,168,943

TOWN OF GRAMERCY BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2009

	Go F		Gov	Other vernmental Funds	G:	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS			•		•	1 40 4 000
Cash	\$	1,370,452	\$	114,376	\$	1,484,828
Certificates of deposit		755,000		-		755,000
Other accounts receivable (net)		357,279		-		357,279
Due from other governmental agencies		94,302		-		94,302
Prepaid insurance	_	65,481				65,481
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$</u>	2,642,514	\$	114,376	\$	2,756,890
CURRENT LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	9,914	\$	-	\$	9,914
Capital lease payable		7,828		-		7,828
Other current liabilities		215,983		_		215,983
Payroll taxes payable		9,240		-		9,240
Due to employees' retirement systems		10,163		•		10,163
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		253,128				253,128
LONG TERM LIABILITIES	_					
Capital lease, less current portion						
FUND BALANCES						
Reserved for debt service		_		67,690		67,690
Unreserved		2,389,386		46,686		2,436,072
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		2,389,386		114,376		2,503,762
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$</u>	2,642,514	<u>\$</u>	114,376	<u></u>	2,756,890

TOWN OF GRAMERCY RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS JUNE 30, 2009

Total fund balances - Governmental Funds		\$	2,503,762
Cost of capital assets at June 30, 2009	2,718,475		
Less: accumulated depreciation as of June 30, 2009	(1,045,885)		1,672,590
Long-term liabilities applicable to the Town's government payable in the current period and accordingly are not repo		i	
Compensated Absences	ted as faile monthes.		(22,064)
Bonds payable			(60,000)
Total net assets at June 30, 2009 - Governmental Activi	ties	\$	4,094,288

TOWN OF GRAMERCY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUND TYPES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	General		Go	Other Governmental Funds		Total vernmental Funds
REVENUES						
Ad valorem taxes	\$	92,728	\$	45,560	\$	138,288
Sales taxes		593,012		-		593,012
Garbage fees		232,149		-		232,149
Licenses and permits		183,730		-		183,730
Intergovernmental revenue:						
Federal grants		157,309		-		157,309
LCDBG		214,930		•		214,930
State funds:						
Beer		7,067		-		7,067
Video poker		413,028		-		413,028
Tobacco		-		-		-
State grants - other		35,000		_		35,000
Fines and forfeitures		73,047		-		73,047
Other revenue		199,045		386		199,431
Total revenues		2,201,045		45,946		2,246,991
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>						
Current operating expenditures:						
General government		374,281		-		374,281
Streets		507,380		-		507,380
Public safety		486,093		-		486,093
Sanitation		212,446		-		212,446
Fire department		4,552		-		4,552
Capital expenditures - LCDBG		214,930		-		214,930
Debt service expenditures:						
Principal retirement		-		30,000		30,000
Interest		-		4,455		4,455
Total expenditures		,799,682		34,455		1,834,137
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER						
<u>EXPENDITURES</u>		401,363		11,491		412,854
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers In		-		-		-
Transfers Out		(183,004)		<u> </u>		(183,004)
		(183,004)		-		(183,004)
Net change in fund balance		218,359		11,491		229,850
FUND BALANCE						
Beginning of year	2	2,171,027		102,885		2,273,912
End of year	\$ 2	,389,386	\$	114,376	\$	2,503,762

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES,

EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

JUNE 30, 2009

Net change in fund balances - Governmental funds	\$	229,850
The change in net assets reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different because:		
Add: Capital outlay which is considered expenditures Less: Depreciation expense for year ended June 30, 2009		459,664 (166,389)
Less: Difference on loss of equipment		(2,807)
Add: Principal payment on bonds payable		30,000
Less: Excess of compensated absences earned over compensated absences used		(7,229)
Change in net assets of governmental activities	_\$	543,089

TOWN OF GRAMERCY, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2009

	Public Utility Revenue Fund		Sewer Operating Fund		Total Enterprise	
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Cash	\$	51,219	\$	4,355	\$	55,574
Certificates of deposit		327,031		226,070		553,101
Accounts receivable (net)		106,219		69,557		175,776
Other assets		-		10,958		10,958
Restricted assets - Cash		-		423,727		423,727
Capital assets:						
Land		76,825		-		76,825
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		2,556,340		1,343,501		3,899,841
Total capital assets		2,633,165		1,343 <u>,</u> 501		3,976,666
TOTAL ASSETS		3,117,634		2,078,168		5,195,802
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	2,723	\$	4,264	\$	6,987
Customer service meter deposits	-	72,355		-		72,355
Payable from restricted assets:		•				
Revenue bonds payable due within one year		50,000		60,000		110,000
Accrued interest payable		· _		3,043		3,043
General obligation bonds due within one year		-		61,000		61,000
Accrued interest payable		4,161		7,055		11,216
Accrued salaries payable		3,804		742		4,546
Long-term Liabilities:						
General obligation bonds		-		492,000		492,000
Revenue bonds payable		220,000		140,000		360,000
TOTAL LIABILITIES		353,043		768,104		1,121,147
NET ASSETS						
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		2,363,165		590,501		2,953,666
Reserved for revenue bond debt service		-		360,684		360,684
Unreserved equity		401,426		358,879		760,305
TOTAL NET ASSETS	\$	2,764,591	\$	1,310,064	\$	4,074,655

TOWN OF GRAMERCY, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND

CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

		olic Utility Revenue Fund	Sewer Operating Fund		Total Enterprise		
OPERATING REVENUES	•	506.005		050 512	dr	077 700	
Sales	\$	526,807	\$	350,513	\$	877,320	
Tap fees		3,000		3,550		6,550	
Ad valorem taxes		55,251		55,863		111,114	
Miscellaneous revenues		8,232		14,463		22,695	
Total operating revenues		593,290		424,389		1,017,679	
OPERATING EXPENSES							
Salaries		247,154		71,995		319,149	
Office expenses		5,758		2,432		8,190	
Miscellaneous expenses		958		3,597		4,555	
Insurance		35,035		7,678		42,713	
Supplies and maintenance		39,340		14,385		53,725	
Vehicle expenses		9,776		2,196		11,972	
Uniforms		2,568		-		2,568	
Professional fees		18,773		7,300		26,073	
Retirement		28,162		9,237		37,399	
Electricity		33,853		67,719		101,572	
Payroll taxes		486		142		628	
Laboratory expenses		11,300		7,540		1 8,840	
Chemicals		47,442		3,631		51,073	
Depreciation		112,385		<u>1</u> 23,168		235,553	
Total operating expenses		592,990		321,020		914,010	
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		300		103,369		103,669	
NONOPERATING INCOME (EXPENSES)		150.017		27.997		446.024	
Grants		420,047		26,887		446,934	
Interest revenues Interest expense		2,328 (11,378)		2,067 (42,274)		4,395 (53,652)	
Total nonoperating income (expenses)		410,997		(13,320)		397,677	
Change in net assets before transfers		411,297		90,049		501,346	
OTHERE FINANCING USES							
Transfers In		89,507		93,497		183,004	
Transfers Out		_		_		, <u>-</u>	
1100000		89,507		93,497		183,004	
Net change in net assets		500,804		183,546		684,350	
Total net assets- beginning		2,263,787		1,126,518		3,390,305	
Total net assets- ending	\$	2,764,591	\$	1,310,064	\$	4,074,655	
~							

TOWN OF GRAMERCY, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Public Utility Revenue Fund		Sewer Operating Fund		I	Total Enterprise
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:						
Cash received from customers	\$	646,666	\$	390,700	\$	1,037,366
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(332,755)		(122,070)		(454,825)
Cash payments to employees for services		(272,544)		(82,589)		(355,133)
Net cash provided by operating activities		41,367		186,041		227,408
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING						
ACTIVITIES:						
Subsidy from grants		420,047		26,887		446,934
Transfers from other funds		89,508		93,497		183,005
Net cash used by noncapital financing		509,555		120,384	_	629,939
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED						
FINANCING ACTIVITIES:						
Acquisition of capital assets		(377,992)		(15,046)		(393,038)
Principal paid on long term debt		(48,000)		(119,000)		(167,000)
Payment of bond issuance costs		-		1,227		1,227
Interest paid on indebtedness		(11,378)		(42,274)		(53,652)
Net cash used by capital and related						
financing activities		(437,370)		(175,093)		(612,463)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:						
Interest earned on investments		2,328		2,067		4,395
Net cash provided by investing activites		2,328	_	2,067		4,395
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		115,880		133,399		249,279
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year		262,370		520,753		783,123
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$	378,250	\$	654,152		1,032,402

TOWN OF GRAMERCY, LOUISIANA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	blic Utility Revenue Fund	 Sewer Operating Fund	Total Enterprise		
RECONCILIATION OF INCOME (LOSS) FOR OPERATIONS TO NET CASH PROVIDE					
OPERATING ACTIVITIES:					
Income (loss) from operations	\$ 300	\$ 103,369	\$	103,669	
Adjustments to reconcile income (loss)					
from operations to net cash provided					
by operating activities:					
Depreciation	112,385	123,168		235,553	
Net change in assets and liabilities:					
Accounts receivable	51,567	(33,689)		17,878	
Accounts payable	(127,952)	(5,592)		(133,544)	
Other liabilities	3,257	(1,215)		2,042	
Customer service meter deposits	1,810			1,810	
Total adjustments	 41,067	82,672		123,739	
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 41,367	\$ 186,041	\$	227,408	
Cash Consists of:					
Cash	\$ 51,219	\$ 4,355	\$	55,574	
Certificates of Deposit	327,031	226,070		553,101	
Restricted assets - Cash	-	423,727		423,727	
	\$ 378,250	\$ 654,152	\$	1,032,402	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Town of Gramercy, Louisiana was incorporated on November 27, 1947, and operates under a Mayor - Board of Aldermen form of government. As authorized by its charter, the Town is responsible for public safety, highways and streets, sanitation, public improvements, and general administrative services.

The accounting and reporting practices of the Town of Gramercy conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The Town's reporting entity applies all relevant Government Accounting Standards (GASB) pronouncements. The Town's proprietary funds apply all Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board (APB) opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict GASB pronouncements, in which case, GASB pronouncements prevail. Such accounting and reporting procedures conform to the requirements of Louisiana Revised Statute 24:517, to the guidance set forth in the Louisiana Governmental Accounting Guide, and to the industry audit guide, Audits of State and Local Governmental Units published by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants.

Financial Reporting Entity

Statement No. 14 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), The Financial Reporting Entity, establishes criteria for determining the governmental reporting entity and component units that should be included within the reporting entity. Since the Town is a special purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state or local governments, it is considered a primary government under the provisions of this Statement. As used in GASB Statement No. 14, fiscally independent means that the Town may, without the approval or consent of another governmental entity, determine or modify its own budget, levy its own taxes or set rates or charges, and issue bonded debt. Additionally, the Town does not have any component units, which are defined by GASB Statement No. 14 as other legally separate organizations for which the elected officials are financially accountable. There are no other primary governments with which the Town has a significant relationship.

The following is a summary of certain significant accounting policies and practices:

Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net assets and the statement of activities display information about the Town of Gramercy. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the Town. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the Town and for each function of the Town's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the Town's funds. Separate statements for each fund category—governmental and proprietary—are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

a. General Fund - This is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Town reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

a. Debt Service Funds - These funds accounts for the resources accumulated and payments made for principal, interest and related costs on general long-term debt.

The Town reports the following two major enterprise funds:

Public Utility Fund and Sewer Fund-These fund is used to account for operations, (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises - where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing the goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered through user charges or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or net income is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements. The government-wide, proprietary, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the Town gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements. Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The Town considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Property taxes, sales taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Under the terms of grant agreements, the Town funds certain programs by a combination of specific costreimbursement grants, categorical block grants, and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both restricted and unrestricted net assets available to finance the program. It is the Town's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs, followed by categorical block grants, and then by general revenues.

All governmental and business-type activities and enterprise funds of the Town follow FASB Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, Accounting Principles Board Opinions, and Accounting Research Bulletins, unless those pronouncements conflict with GASB pronouncements.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The Town follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in these financial statements:

- 1. A proposed budget is prepared and submitted to the Mayor and Board of Aldermen prior to the beginning of each fiscal year.
- 2. The proposed budget is published in the official journal and made available for public inspection. A public hearing is held to obtain taxpayer comments.
- The budget is adopted through the passage of an ordinance prior to the commencement of the fiscal year for which the budget is being adopted.
- 4. Budgetary amendments involving the transfer of funds from one department, program, or function to another or involving increases in expenditures resulting from revenues exceeding amounts originally estimated require the approval of the Board of Aldermen.
- 5. All budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.
- 6. Budgets for the general, debt service, and proprietary funds are adopted on bases consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).
- 7. Louisiana R.S. 39:1310 requires budgets to be amended when revenue collections plus projected revenue collections for the remainder of a year, within a fund, are failing to meet estimated annual budgeted revenues by five percent or more or expenditures plus projected expenditures for the remainder of the year, within a fund, are exceeding estimated budgeted expenditures by five percent or more.

The level of budgetary control is total appropriations. Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted, or as amended by the Board. Amended budgeted revenue and expenditures increased from original budgeted amounts for the general fund for the year ended June 30, 2009, by approximately \$169,900 and \$7,525, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Cash and Investments

Cash and investments, which include demand deposit accounts, interest-bearing demand deposit accounts, and certificates of deposit, are stated at cost, which approximates market.

Under Louisiana Revised Statutes 39:1271 and 33:2955, the Town may deposit funds in demand deposit accounts, interest-bearing demand deposit accounts, money market accounts, and time certificates of deposit with state banks organized under Louisiana law and national banks having principal offices in Louisiana.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activity columns in the government-wide financial statements. Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Capital Assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Lives
Buildings	40
Building Improvements	15
Other Improvements	20-40
Vehicles	5-15
Equipment	3-15

The proprietary fund type operations are accounted for on a cost of services or "capital maintenance" measurement focus, and all assets and liabilities (whether current or non-current) associated with their activity are included on their balance sheets.

Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets used by the proprietary funds is charged as an expense against their operations. Depreciation has been provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives are as follows:

Sewerage system	40	years
Waterworks system	40	years
Office equipment	5-10	years
Automotive equipment	3-5	years

All fixed assets are stated at historical cost.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Accounts Receivable

Uncollectible amounts due from customers for utility services are recognized through the establishment of an allowance for uncollectible accounts account at the time information becomes available which indicates the uncollectibility of the particular receivable.

Accumulated Unpaid Vacation

Employees earn vacation leave on January 1st of each year at various rates depending upon the length of their employment. Employees must use their vacation leave in the year earned. The liability for compensated absences reported in the governmental-wide statements consists of unpaid, accumulated annual leave balances at June 30, 2009.

Operating Transfers In and Out

Advances between funds which are not expected to be repaid are accounted for as transfers. In those cases where repayment is expected, the transfers are accounted for through the various due from and due to accounts.

Statements of Cash Flows

For purposes of the statements of cash flows, the Town considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with original maturities of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

Encumbrances

Encumbrances accounting, under which contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded in order to reserve that portion of the applicable appropriation, is not employed by the Town.

Reclassifications

Certain 2008 balances have been reclassified to conform with the 2009 financial statement presentation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. Capital Assets

Capital assets and depreciation activity as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, are as follows:

Governmental activities:

	 Land	B	uildings	Other Improvements	_ <u>E</u>	quipment		Total
Cost of Capital Assets June 30, 2008	\$ 87,520	\$	285,736	\$ 1,450,353	\$	443,167	\$	2,266,776
Additions Deletions	 <u>.</u>		-	373,916 		85,813 (8,030)		459,729 (8,030)
Cost of Capital Assets June 30, 2009	 87,520	_	285,736	1,824,269	_	520,950		2,718,475
Accumulated depreciation	•							
June 30, 2008			219,741	375,611		289,303		884,655
Additions	•		10,177	106,808		49,405		166,390
Deletions	 			<u> </u>		(5,160 <u>)</u>		(5,160)
Accumulated depreciation June 30, 2009	 		229,918	482,419	_	333,548		1,045,885
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation at June 30, 2009	\$ 87,520	\$	55,818	\$ 1,341,850	<u>\$</u>	187,402	<u>\$</u>	1,672,590

For the year ended June 30, 2009, depreciation expense was \$ 166,390.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

2. Capital Assets (continued)

Business-Type activities:

	I	Land	Plant & Equipment			Total
Cost of Capital Assets		•				
June 30, 2008	\$	76,825	\$	7,697,256	\$	7,774,081
Additions		-		913,615		913,615
Deletions		-	(520,578)	(520,578)
Cost of Capital Assets						<u> </u>
June 30, 2009		76,825		8,090,293		8,167,118
Accumulated Depreciation						
June 30, 2008		-		3,954,900		3,954,900
Additions		. <u>-</u>		235,554		235,554
Deletions		_		•		_
Accumulated Depreciation						
June 30, 2009				4,190,454		4,190,454
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation at				-		
June 30, 2009	\$	76,825	\$	3,899,841	\$	3,976,666

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. Changes in Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of long-term debt transactions which occurred during the year ended June 30, 2009:

Governmental Activities:

Compensated Absences

Balance at July 1, 2008 Increases	\$	14,835 8,939
Decreases		(1,710)
Balance at June 30, 2009	<u>\$</u>	22.064

Bonds Payable

Bonds Payable	Balance 06/30/08	Additions	Retirements	Balance 06/30/09
Governmental activities:				
1991 Sewer Improvement bonds - general obligation portion	\$ 90,000 90,000	\$ -	\$ 30,000 30,000	\$ 60,000 60,000
Business-type activities:				
1991 Sewer Improvement bonds	255,000	-	55,000	200,000
2000 Certificate of Indebtedness 2001 Sewer Improvement bonds - general	107,000	-	34,000	73,000
obligation bonds	510,000	-	30,000	480,000
2003 Certificate of Indebtedness - Capital One		-	33,000	270,000
2003 Certificate of Indebtedness – LPFA	15,000		15,000	
	<u>\$ 1.190,000</u>	<u>S</u>	<u>\$ 167,000</u>	<u>\$ 1.023.000</u>

Bonds payable at June 30, 2009, were comprised of the following individual issues:

Governmental activities

\$400,000 of Sewer Improvements Bonds; due in various semi-annual installments, including interest at 4.95%, through April 1, 2011.

Total long-term debt	\$	90,000
Less portion due within one year		(30,000)
Non-current long-term debt	<u>\$</u>	60,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. Changes in Long-Term Debt (continued)

Business-type activities

Total long-term debt

Less portion due within one year

Non-current long-term debt

\$850,000 of Sewer Improvement bonds; due in various semi-annual installments, including interest at 4.95%, through April 2, 2012; secured by the sewer operating revenues in excess of those necessary to operate and maintain the system.	\$ 200,000
\$270,000 Certificate of Indebtedness; due in various semi-annual installments, including interest at 5.25%, through September 1, 2010; secured by the annual revenues of the Town of Gramercy in excess of statutory,	·
necessary, and usual charges. \$650,000 General Obligation Bonds; due in various semi-annual installments, including interest at rates	73,000
ranging from 0.10% to 5.20%, through March 1, 2021; payable from ad valorem taxes \$425,000 Certificate of Indebtedness; due in various	480,000
annual installments, including interest at 2.35%, through September 1, 2013; payable from ad valorem taxes \$75,000 Certificate of Indebtedness; due in annual	270,000
installments of \$15,000 through September 1, 2008; non-interest bearing; payable from ad valorem taxes	 -

1,023,000

(171,000)

\$ 852,000

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. Changes in Long-Term Debt (continued)

The annual requirements to amortize all outstanding revenue bonds as of June 30, 2009, including interest payments of \$230,904 are as follows:

Year ending	
<u>June 30,</u>	Amount
2010	255,481
2011	250,607
2012	199,854
2013	114,006
2014	111,890
Thereafter	382,068
	<u>\$ 1,313.904</u>

As part of the various Bond agreements the Town has agreed to comply with certain covenants. The covenants consist, primarily, of reporting and audit requirements, insurance coverage, restrictions on additional debt, maintenance of various deposit accounts, and other administrative requirements. The Town has not complied with some of these covenants; however, the applicable lending institutions have issued verbal waivers regarding these covenants.

4. Ad Valorem Taxes

Ad valorem taxes attach as enforceable liens on all applicable property on February 28th of each year. Taxes are levied and are billed to the taxpayers in November of each year. Billed ad valorem taxes become delinquent on January 1st of the following calendar year.

The Town bills and collects its own property taxes using the assessed values determined by the tax assessor of St. James Parish. During the year ended June 30, 2009, taxes of 5.99 mills were levied on property with assessed valuations totaling \$15,347,468 for general purposes. Additional taxes of 11.64 mills were levied on the same property for the purpose of accumulating enough funds to service the annual debt requirements as they become due.

Ad valorem taxes levied during the year ended June 30, 2009, totaled approximately \$249,402.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5. Transfers to/from Other Funds

Interfund transfers at June 30, 2009, were as follows:

Fund	Trans in	fers Transfers out
General Fund	\$	- \$ 183,004
Enterprise Funds:		
Public Utility Revenue Fund	8	9,507
Sewer Operating Fund	9	3,497
	\$ 18	3.004 \$ 183.004

6. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Substantially all employees of the Town of Gramercy are members of either the Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana or the Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana. These systems are cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans administered by separate boards of trustees. Pertinent information relative to each plan follows:

a. Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana

Plan Description. The System is composed of two distinct plans, Plan A and Plan B, which has separate assets and benefit provisions. All employees of the Town of Gramercy are members of Plan A.

All permanent employees working at least 35 hours per week who are not covered by another pension plan and are paid wholly or in part from municipal funds and all elected municipal officials are eligible to participate in the System. Under Plan A, employees who retire at or after the age of 60 with at least 10 years of creditable service or at or after the age of 55 with a least 25 years of creditable service or at any age with at least 30 years of creditable service are entitled to a retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, equal to 3 percent of their final-average monthly salary for each year of creditable service. Final-average salary is the employee's average salary over the 36 consecutive or joined months that produce the highest average. Employees who terminate their employment with at least the amount of creditable service stated above, and do not withdraw their employee contributions, may retire at the ages specified above and receive the benefit accrued to their date of termination. The System also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established and amended by state statute.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

7. <u>Defined Benefit Pension Plan</u> (continued)

The System issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Municipal Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana, 7937 Office Park Boulevard, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70809, or by calling (225) 925-4810.

Funding Policy. Under Plan A, members are required by state statute to contribute 9.25 percent of their annual covered salary to the system, and the Town of Gramercy is required to make contributions at an actuarially determined rate. The rate currently being paid by the Town is 13.50 percent of annual covered payroll. Contributions to the System also include 0.25 percent (except Orleans and East Baton Rouge Parishes) of the taxes shown to be collectible by the tax rolls of each parish. These tax dollars are divided between Plan A and Plan B based proportionately on the salaries of the active members of each plan. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Town of Gramercy are established and amended by state statute. As provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 11:103, the employer contributions are determined by actuarial valuation and are subject to change each year based on the results of the valuation for the prior fiscal year. The Town of Gramercy's contributions to the System under Plan A during the years ending June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$61,329, \$59,487, and \$65,225, respectively, equal to the required contributions for these years.

b. Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana (System)

Plan Description. All full-time police department employees engaged in law enforcement are required to participate in the System. Employees who retire at or after the age of 50 with at least 20 years of creditable service or at or after the age of 55 with a least 12 years of creditable service are entitled to a retirement benefit, payable monthly for life, equal to 3-1/3 percent of their final-average salary over the 36 consecutive or joined months that produce the highest average. Employees who terminate their employment with at least the amount of creditable service stated above, and do not withdraw their employee contributions, may retire at the ages specified above and receive the benefit accrued to their date of termination. The System also provides death and disability benefits. Benefits are established and amended by state statute.

The System issues an annual publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the System. That report may be obtained by writing to the Municipal Police Employees' Retirement System of Louisiana, 8401 United Plaza Boulevard, Baton Rouge, Louisiana 70809-2250, or by calling (225) 929-7411.

Funding Policy. Plan members are required by state statute to contribute 7.50 percent of their annual covered salary to the System, and the Town of Gramercy is required to make contributions at an actuarially determined rate. The rate currently being paid by the Town is 13.75 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Town of Gramercy are established and amended by state statute. As provided by Louisiana Revised Statute 11:103, the employer contributions are determined by actuarial valuation and are subject to change each year based on the results of the valuation for the prior fiscal year. The Town of Gramercy contributions to the System during the years ending June 30, 2009, 2008, and 2007 were \$17,122, \$21,834, and \$21,970, respectively, equal to the required contributions for these years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. Segments of Enterprise Activities

Water and sewerage services are provided by the Town and are financed by user charges. The significant financial data for the year ended June 30, 2009, for these services are as follows:

	 Water	<u>_</u> S	ewerage_	_	Total
Operating revenues	\$ 593,290	\$	424,389	\$	1,017,679
Operating expenses	592,990		321,020		914,010
Depreciation	112,385		123,168		235,553
Income from operations	300		1 03,369		103,669
Net income (loss)	500,804		183,546		684,350
Acquisition of capital assets	898,569		15,046		913,615
Outstanding revenue bonds and					
certificates of indebtedness	270,000		753,000		1,023,000

9. Restricted Assets

Under the terms of the bond indentures for the water revenue refunding bonds and the sewer improvement bonds, certain revenues are dedicated to the retirement of said bonds, and are to be set aside into special accounts after provisions have been made for the payment of the reasonable and necessary expenses of operating and maintaining the utility systems.

The Town has been reclassifying a portion of its cash and investments as "restricted" on a monthly basis; however, the Town has not established all of the "restricted" accounts delineated in the bond indentures. All of the applicable lending institutions waived the violations of these covenants for the year ended June 30, 2009.

10. Due from Other Governmental Agencies

Amounts due from other governmental agencies at June 30, 2009, consisted of the following:

St. James Parish - sales taxes	\$ 88,253
St. James Parish - P&M sales taxes	 6,049
	\$ 94,302

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

11. Cash and Investments

At June 30, 2009, the carrying amounts of the Town's deposits were as follows:

Petty cash	\$ 225
Demand deposit accounts / savings accounts	1,849,528
Certificates of deposit	 1,422,477
-	\$ 3,272,230

These deposits are stated at cost, which approximates market. Under state law, these deposits must be secured by either federal deposit insurance or by the pledge of securities owned by a fiscal agent bank. The market value of the pledged securities plus the federal deposit insurance must at all times equal the amount on deposit with the fiscal agent bank.

12. Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2009, \$3,378,761 of the government's bank balance was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

13. Capital Lease

The Town acquired equipment under a long-term capital lease. For financial reporting purposes, the present value of the minimum lease payments has been capitalized. The lease expires May 15, 2010. As of June 30, 2009, the property under this capital lease had a total cost of \$7,828. The future minimum lease payments under this capital lease for the remaining terms are as follows:

June 30, 2010 <u>7,828</u>

Total minimum lease payments \$7.828

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY

INFORMATION

TOWN OF GRAMERCY, LOUISIANA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Original Final Budget Budget		Actual		
REVENUES	_			44	
Ad valorem taxes	\$	75,000	\$ 79,900	\$	92,728
Sales taxes		580,000	600,000		593,012
Garbage fees		200,000	215,000		232,149
Licenses and permits		170,000	165,000		183,730
Intergovernmental revenues:	•	·			
Federal grants		_	-		157,309
LCDBG		308,000	291,800		214,930
State funds:		•	-		-
Beer		7,000	5,500		7,067
Video poker		425,000	425,000		413,028
Tobacco		5,000	- -		-
State grants		36,000	35,800		35,000
Fines and forfeitures		50,000	58,000		73,047
Other		166,600	316,500		199,045
Total revenues		2,022,600	2,192,500		2,201,045
EXPENDITURES					
Current operating expenditures:					
General government		392,000	367,075		374,281
Streets		461,600	465,500		507,380
Public safety		419,000	460,050		486,093
Sanitation		196,500	200,000		212,446
Fire department		4,500	4,700		4,552
Capital Expenditures - LCDBG		308,000	291,800		214,930
Total expenditures		1,781,600_	 1,789,125		1,799,682
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER					
EXPENDITURES		241,000	403,375		401,363
OTHER FINANCING USES					
Transfers in		-	-		-
Transfers out		-	 (171,809)		(183,004)
		•	(171,809)		(183,004)
Net change in fund balance		241,000	231,566		218,359
FUND BALANCE					
Beginning of year		2,171,025	 2,171,025		2,171,027
End of year	\$	2,412,025 - 45 -	\$ 2,402,591	_\$	2,389,386

TOWN OF GRAMERCY, LOUISIANA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SCHEDULE OF OTHER REVENUE GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	riginal Budget	Final Budget	 Actual
OTHER REVENUE			
Utility franchise fees	\$ 79,000	\$ 87,500	\$ 100,622
Interest revenues	25,000	10,000	10,063
Collection fees	1,000	1,000	792
Motor Vehicle Transaction Fees	35,000	35,000	33,153
Rents and royalties	6,600	7,000	7,075
Miscellaneous	20,000	176,000	47,340
Total other revenue	\$ 166,600	\$ 316,500	\$ 199,045

TOWN OF GRAMERCY, LOUISIANA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	Original Final Budget Budget		 Actual	
GENERAL GOVERNMENT				
Legal and litigation fees	\$ 2,500	\$	3,000	\$ 3,106
Salaries	118,200		118,200	120,414
Professional fees	10,500		14,675	14,675
Electricity	11,500		10,500	8,756
Insurance	90,000		70,000	64,962
Supplies and maintenance	30,000		14,600	16,015
Miscellaneous	13,000		9,500	14,907
Retirement	12,500		12,500	12,779
SCPCD-Building Permits	10,000		16,500	16,902
Office expenses	28,000		29,500	32,278
Payroll taxes	1,500		3,000	1 ,636
Vehicle expenses	24,000		28,000	32,072
Capital outlay	20,000		18,000	16,625
Dues and subscriptions	12,000		12,500	12,759
Meetings and conventions	5,000		4,500	4,571
Planning commission	2,800		2,100	1,824
Bad debts	500		-	-
Rural Development Grant	 			 -
Total general government	392,000		367,075	 374,281
STREETS				
Salaries	130,000		130,000	127,348
Legal and engineering fees	15,000		8,000	7,851
Miscellaneous	3,100		3,000	-
Retirement	12,500		12,500	11,151
Vehicle expenses	7,000		5,500	5,378
Uniforms	1,500		1,500	1,221
Insurance	30,000		28,500	28,204
Supplies and maintenance	18,500		19,500	86,647
Electricity	60,000		65,000	64,960
Capital outlay	180,000		188,000	169,764
Payroll taxes	 4,000		4,000_	4,856
Total streets	 461,600		465,500	507,380

TOWN OF GRAMERCY, LOUISIANA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES GENERAL FUND

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

		Original		Final		A. A. B.
WAYNA MCI C A ENERGY		Budget		Budget		Actual
PUBLIC SAFETY						
Police:	\$	C2 000	\$	65,000	\$	70,418
Insurance Uniforms	Þ	63,000	Þ	2,000	Ф	2,064
 		1,000		-		•
Retirement		19,000		25,000		17,122 21,165
Vehicle expenses		45,000		37,000		•
Salaries		235,000		260,000		271,244
Supplies and maintenance		24,000		30,000		44,880
Training expenses		500		500		120
Utilities		5,000		5,000		5,421
Payroll taxes		7,500		6,000		9,713
Capital outlay		11,000		23,300		38,598
Miscellaneous		4,500		2,750		2,635
Total police		415,500		456,550		483,380
Emergency Preparedness:						
Salaries		3,000		3,000		2,425
Operating expenses		500		500		288
Total emergency preparedness		3,500		3,500		2,713
Total public safety		419,000		460,050		486,093
<u>SANITATION</u>						
Solid waste disposal		196,500		200,000		212,446
Total sanitation		196,500		200,000		212,446
FIRE DEPARTMENT						
Operating expenses		4,500		4,700		4,552
Total fire department		4,500		4,700		4,552
CAPITAL EXPENDITURES- LCDBG	_					
Street improvements- LCDBG		308,000		291,800		214,930
Total capital expenditures- LCDBG		308,000		291,800		214,930
Total all departments	_\$_	1,781,600	_\$_	1,789,125	_\$_	1,799,682

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

TOWN OF GRAMERCY, LOUISIANA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2009

	1969 Street Improvement	1969 Waterworks Improvement	1976 Waterworks Improvement
<u>ASSETS</u>			
Cash	\$ 5,354	\$ 29,036	\$ 3,771
Total assets	\$ 5,354	\$ 29,036	\$ 3,771
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE			
Total liabilities	<u> </u>	\$	\$ -
Fund Balance:			
Unreserved - designated for debt service	-	-	-
Unreserved - undesignated	5,354	29,036	3,77 1
Total fund balance	5,354	29,036	3,771
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ <u>5,354</u>	\$ 29,036	\$ 3,771

					Total
	1976		1 99 1	N	onmajor
	Fire		Sewer		ernmental
Pro	otection	Improvement			Funds
_					
\$	8,525	\$	67,690	\$	114,376
Ψ	0,723		07,070	Ψ	114,570
\$	8,525	•	67,690	\$	114,376
	0,323	<u> </u>	07,050	<u> </u>	117,370
				,	
•		•		Φ.	
\$			-	_\$	- _
	-		67,690		67,690
	8,525		<u> </u>		46,686
	8,525		67,690		114,376
_\$	_ 8,525	\$	67,690	\$	114,376

TOWN OF GRAMERCY, LOUISIANA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009

	1969 Street Improvement	1969 Waterworks Improvement	1976 Waterworks Improvement
REVENUES Taxes and penalties Interest revenues Total revenues	\$ - 20 20	\$ - 110 110	\$ - 14 14
EXPENDITURES Principal retirement Interest Total expenditures	- - -	- -	- - -
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	20	110	. 14
OTHER FINANCING USES Transfers Out			-
Net change in fund balances	20	110	14
FUND BALANCE			
Beginning of year	5,334	28,926	3,757
End of year	\$ 5,354	\$ 29,036	\$ 3,771

1976 Fire Protection	Fire		1991 Sewer Improvement		Total onmajor ernmental Funds
\$	32 32	<u>\$</u>	45,560 210 45,770	\$ 	45,560 386 45,946
	- 		30,000 4,455 34,455		30,000 4,455 34,455
	32		11,315		11,491
	32		11,315		11,491
	193 525		56,375 67,690	<u> </u>	102,885 114,376

PERFORMANCE AND STATISTICAL DATA

INSURANCE-IN-FORCE JUNE 30, 2009 (Without Audit)

Type of Coverage	Name of Insurer	Expiration Date	Coverage Limits
Automobile liability	Risk Management, Inc.	May 1, 2010	\$500,000
General liability	Risk Management, Inc	May 1, 2010	\$500,000
Law enforcement liability	Risk Management, Inc.	May 1, 2010	\$500,000
Errors and omissions liability	Risk Management, Inc.	May 1, 2010	\$500,000
Workers' compensation	Louisiana Workers' Compensation Company	May 1, 2010	Statutory
Position fidelity schedule bond	Fidelity and Deposit Company of Maryland	October 1, 2009	\$50,000
Employment practices liability	Risk Management, Inc.	May 1, 2010	\$500,000
Commercial property	Republic Property	May 1, 2010	Various limits

PUBLIC UTILITY SYSTEM OPERATIONS JUNE 30, 2009 (Without Audit)

Statistics on System Operations

- (a) As of June 30, 2009 the number of metered customers was 1,418 and 1,374 for the water and sewer systems, respectively. There were no unmetered customers for either the water or sewer systems at June 30, 2009.
- (b) The following rate schedules were in effect during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 for water and sewer services:

1. Water:

Residential and small commercial customers

First 2,000 gallons or less	\$ 7.00 / 1,000 gallons
2,001 to 10,000 gallons	2.75
10,001 or more	2.45

Large commercial and Industrial customers

Flat rate	\$ 3.25/1,000 gallons

Recreational District:

First 50,000 or less	\$ 20.00/1,000 gallons	
Next 150,000 gallons	1.73	
Next 200,000 gallons	1.45	
Over 400,000 gallons	1.15	

PUBLIC UTILITY SYSTEM OPERATIONS JUNE 30, 2009 (Without Audit)

Statistics on System Operations (continued)

2. Sewer	Rate per gallons of sewerage flow	
Residential customers and small commercial customers	\$15.00/month + \$0.75 / 1,000 gallons	
Large commercial customers	\$40.00/month + \$0.75 / 1,000 gallons	
Industrial customers	Monthly base rates ranging from \$50 to \$750 (based on sewerage flow and the biochemical oxygen demand of the waste) plus \$0.21/1,000 gallons of sewerage flow plus \$0.060/pound of waste	

- (c) Average monthly billing per residential customer during the year ended June 30, 2009:
 - 1. Water \$ 22.90
 - 2. Sewer <u>\$ 20,27</u>

TOWN OF GRAMERCY, LOUISIANA SCHEDULE OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS AND SALARIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2009 (Without Audit)

	Salaries during the year ended06/30/09	
Herman Bourgeois- Mayor	\$	39,600
John Doucet		6,000
Betty Cooper Coleman		6,000
Alvin St. Pierre, Jr.		6,000
Rubenstein Clark		6,000
Mary Katherine Bocz		6,000
Brent Dicharry- Chief of Police		19,800
	<u>_\$</u>	89,400



Aidermen

Batty Cooper-Coleman District I

> John A. Doucet District 2

Alvin "Shark" St. Plerre, Jr. District S Kat Bocz

Kat Bocz At Large

Rubenstein Mitchell-Clark At Large

Lydla Z. Louque Town Clerk

Robert Faucheux, Jr. Town Attorney

Town of Gramercy

THE BEST LITTLE TOWN FOR MILES ABOUND."

120 North Mortz Streat

P. O. Drawer 34.0

Gramarcy, Louisiana. 70052

Phone 225-868-4403 • FAX 225-869-4195



Harman P. Bourgeois Mayor

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN

November 30, 2009

Brant Dicharry Police Chief

Louisiana Legislative Auditor

The Town of Gramercy respectfully submits the following corrective action plan for the year ended June 30, 2009.

Name and address of independent public accounting firm:

Postlethwaite & Netterville, APAC P. O. Box 1190 Donaldsonville, LA 70346

Audit Period: July 1, 2008 - June 30, 2009

The findings from the schedule of findings and questioned costs are discussed below. The findings are numbered consistently with the numbers assigned in the schedule of findings and questioned costs.

FINDINGS - SCREDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

09-01 DOCUMENT AND DESIGN OF INTERNAL CONTROL

Recommendation: Small businesses with few employees in an accounting department typically have difficulty with establishing formal internal control procedures. Although this is not a valid reason for the lack of documentation, it certainly needs to be considered. We suggest that management identify and document its financial statement risk and set up controls to mitigate this risk.

Action Taken: We will identify significant risk areas and will document internal controls related to the specific risk.

09-02 SEGREGATION OF DUTIES

Recommendation: Management should review all journal entries necessary for the complete and accurate presentation of the financial statements.

Action Taken: We will document a review of period end journal entries.

If the Louisiana Legislative Auditor has questions regarding this plan, please call Lydia Louque at (225) 869-4403.

Sincerely,

Lydia Louque

Town Clerk

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MEMBER LOURSIANA MUNICIPAL ASSOCIATION